

## Road to Higher $T_c$ Superconductivity

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**Abstract** — The highest superconducting transition temperature  $T_c$  remains 135 K (164 K at pressure of 30 GPa) which was recorded in 1993 (1994) for Hg-based trilayer cuprate. The “silence” period over 20 years is the longest in the history of superconductivity started from 1911. In contrast to the long silence in  $T_c$ , several material families have successively been found to show superconductivity at temperature higher than the old record 23 K. These include MgB<sub>2</sub> and iron arsenides/selenides, indicating that there are several routes toward higher  $T_c$ . In fact, three different classes of high- $T_c$  materials have recently shown a signature of higher  $T_c$  superconductivity under extreme conditions that may break the long silence.

So far the highest  $T_c$  is 55 K for bulk iron arsenides which was achieved in 2008, but  $T_c$  stopped rising since then. However, monolayer FeSe film deposited on a SrTiO<sub>3</sub> substrate appears to show superconductivity at  $T = 60$  K or higher [1].

MgB<sub>2</sub> with  $T_c = 39$  K is obviously a conventional superconductor in which phonon-mediated superconductivity is optimized. A recent report that H<sub>2</sub>S under extremely high pressures, over 150 GPa shows a superconducting signal at 190 - 203 K [2, 3], if it is real, may be understood as a case of further optimization of the circumstances in MgB<sub>2</sub> by substitution of B with much lighter H.

Even in the case of the cuprates, it has recently been reported that the interlayer Josephson plasma mode, characteristic of the cuprate superconductivity, is transiently (for a few picoseconds) induced above 300 K by pumping c-axis polarized THz light pulses for underdoped YBCO [4].

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[3] A.P. Drozdov *et al.*, arXiv: 1506.08190.

[4] S. Kaiser *et al.*, Phys. Rev. B 89, 184516 (2014).

**Keywords (Index Terms)** — Cuprates, MgB<sub>2</sub>, iron arsenides/selenides, H<sub>2</sub>S under high pressures.