$\begin{array}{c} \text{Bi2201} & \text{Bi2212} \\ \text{On the roles of } \text{Bi}_2 \text{Sr}_2 \text{CuO}_x \text{ in } \text{Bi}_2 \text{Sr}_2 \text{CaCu}_2 \text{O}_x / \text{Ag} \\ \text{round wire transport} \\ \text{on multiple length scales} \end{array}$

ASC 2014 Best Student Paper Contest Golsa Naderi, Evan Benjamin Callaway, and Justin Schwartz

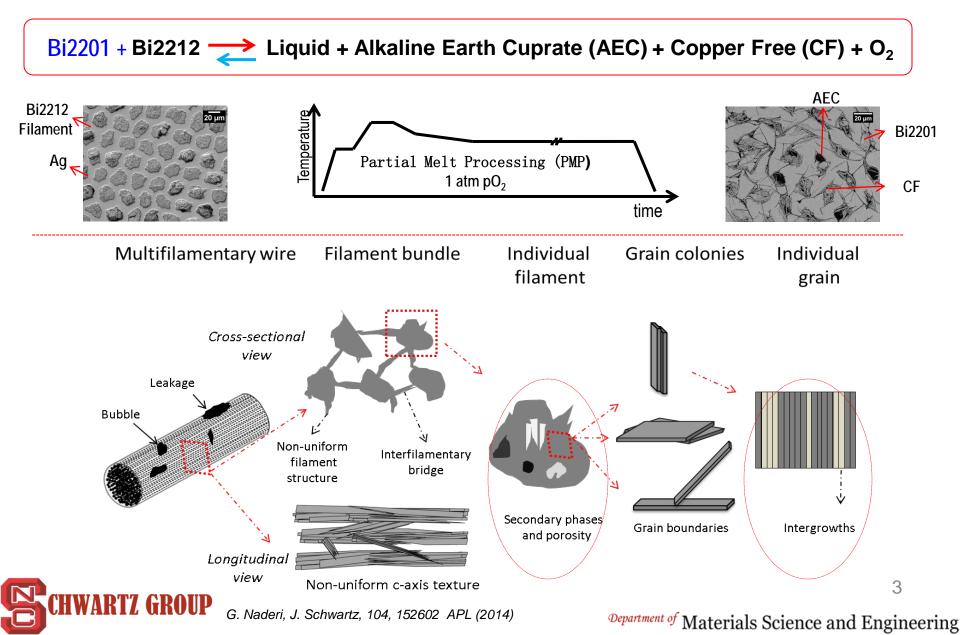


Outline

- Introduction on Bi2212 underlying challenges
- Results and discussions
 - Relationships between transport and filament microstructure
 - Roles of Bi2201 grains
 - Roles of Bi2201 intergrowths
 - Multiscale Bi2201 in over-pressured round wires
- Conclusions



Bi2212 challenges after processing on multiple length scales



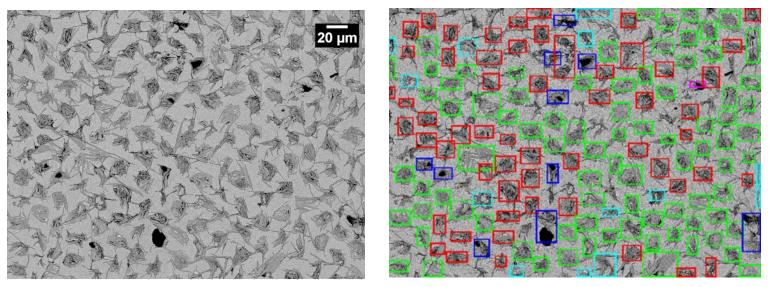


Impurities in individual filaments Statistical analysis of filament

microstructure

a Layered Bi2212	^b Contains Bi2201	° Contains AEC	d Contains CF	 Mixed Secondary Phases

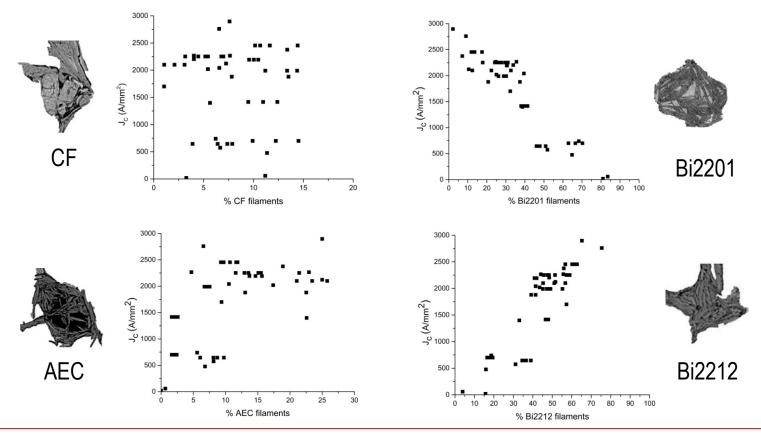
- A Matlab program analyzes the SEM micrographs and categorizes over 100 filaments within the image
- A total of 41 cross-sections and 5506 filaments are characterized



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B. Callaway, G. Naderi, J. Schwartz, Superconductor Science and Technology, 2014, 27, 044020 .

NC STATE UNIVERSITY IEEE/CSC & ESAS SUPERCONDUCTIVITY NEWS FORUM (global edition), October 2014 (Preview 1). ASC 2014 presentation and paper 1MOr3A-03; 3rd Prize in Best Student Paper Contest, Materials. Statistical analysis of the relationship between electrical transport and filament microstructure in Bi2212



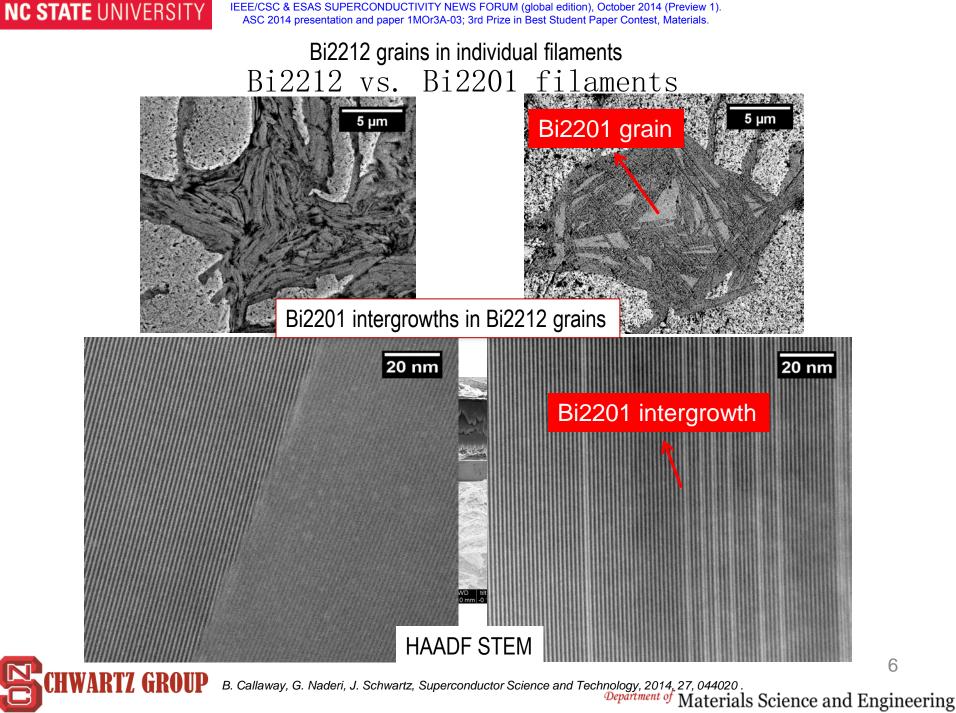
Conditions that avoid the formation of Bi2201 result in Bi2212 and AEC formation To improve J_c :

Avoid the formation of Bi2201 grains and /or ensure conversion of Bi2201 to Bi2212

B. Callaway, G. Naderi, J. Schwartz, Superconductor Science and Technology, 2014, 27, 044020.

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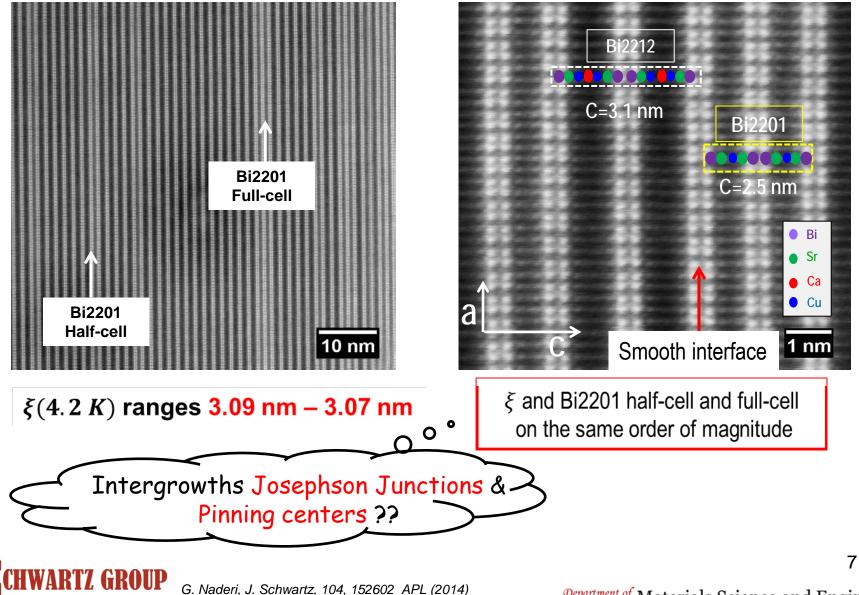


ZC

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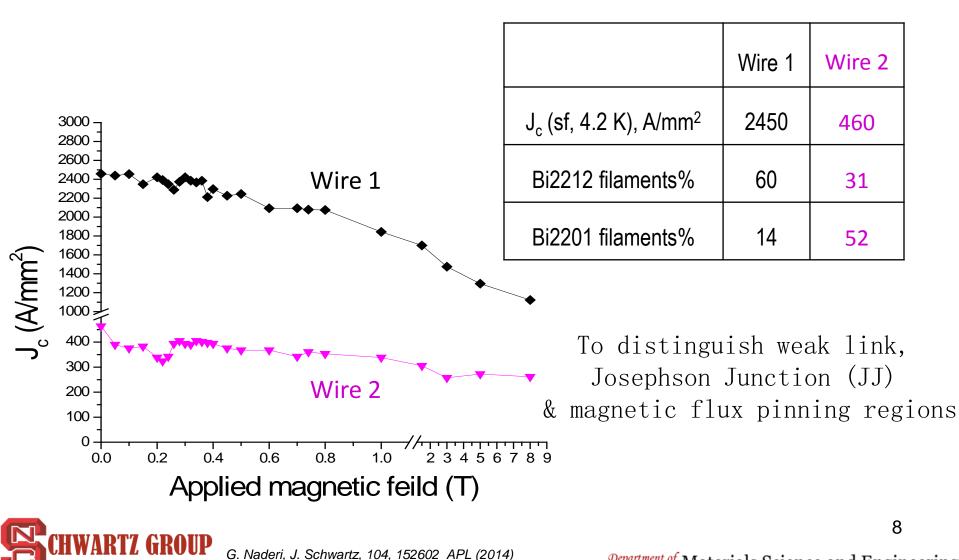


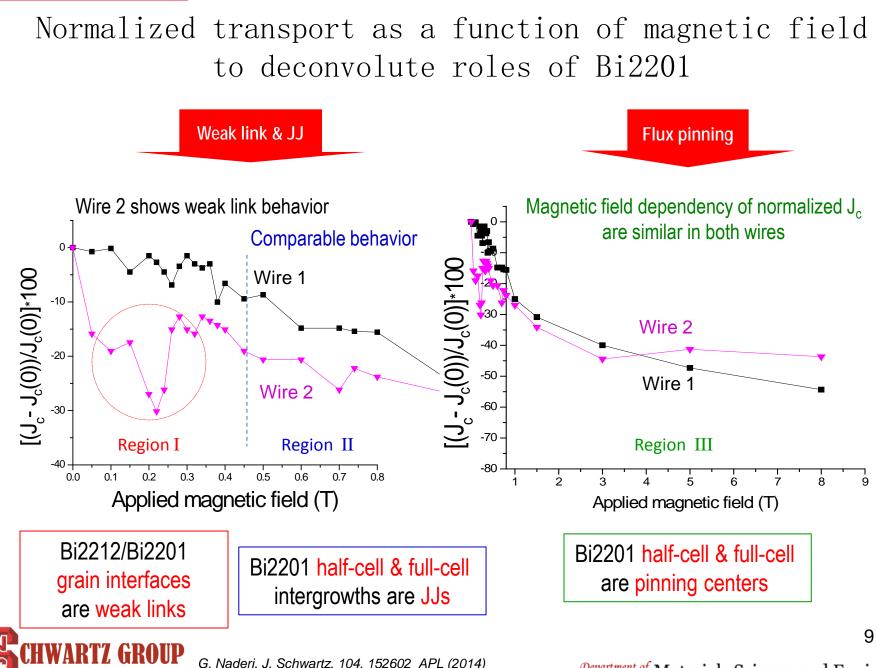
Atomic resolution HAADF STEM Bi2212 / Bi2201 intergrowths



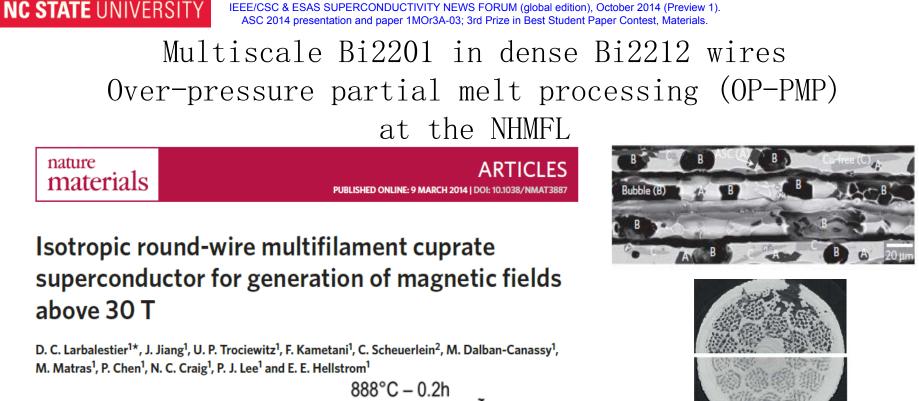
NC STATE UNIVERSITY

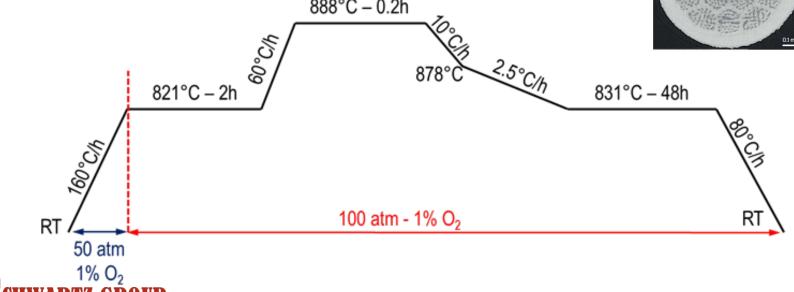
Transport magnetic field dependency to study the roles of Bi2201 intergrowths





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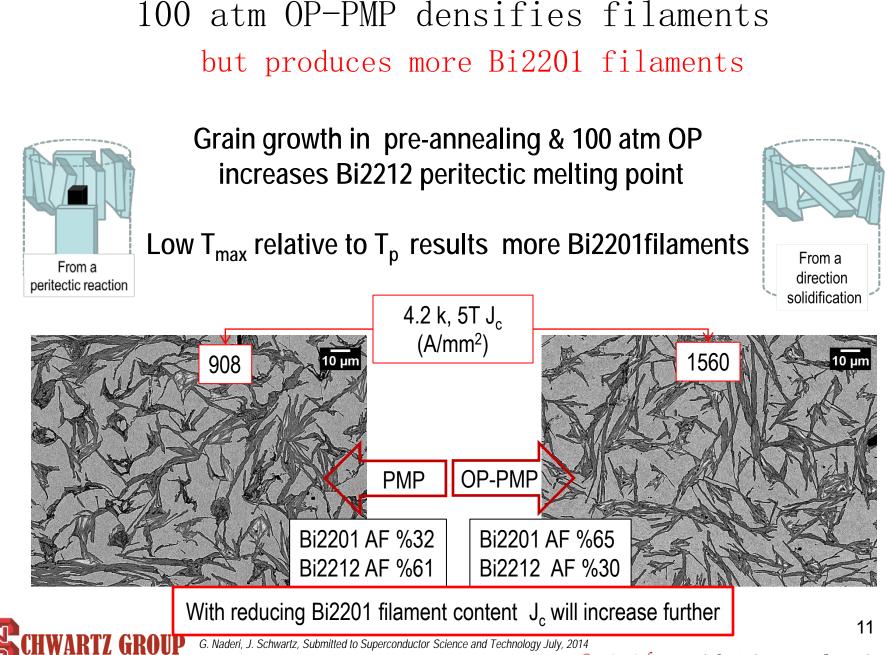




D. C. Larbalestier, et al. Nature Materials, vol. 13, pp. 375-381, 2014.

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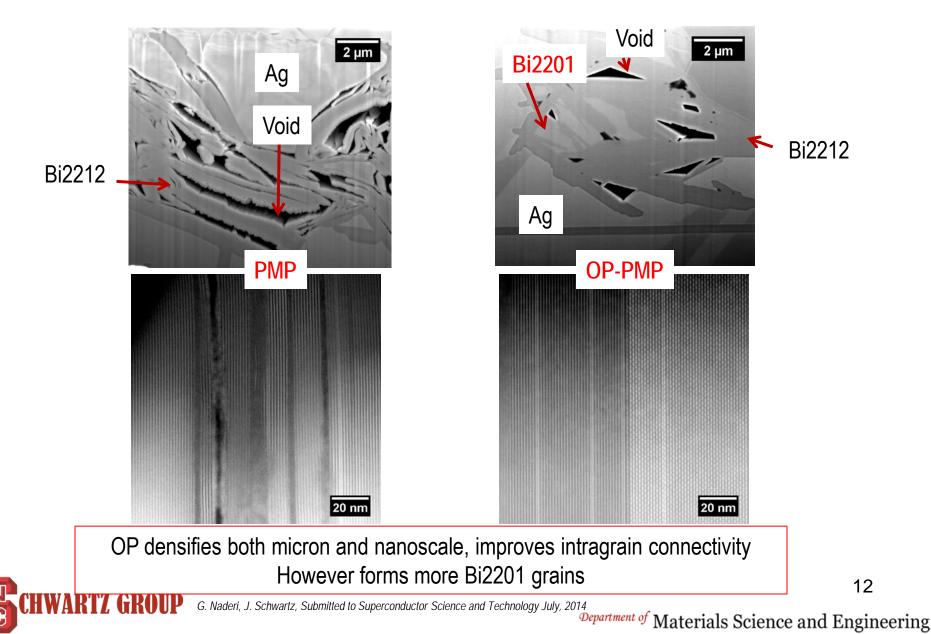


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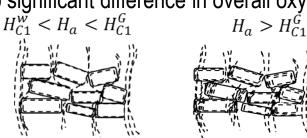
Multiscale OP-PMP densification



Oxygen content, Intergrain and intragrain connectivity of

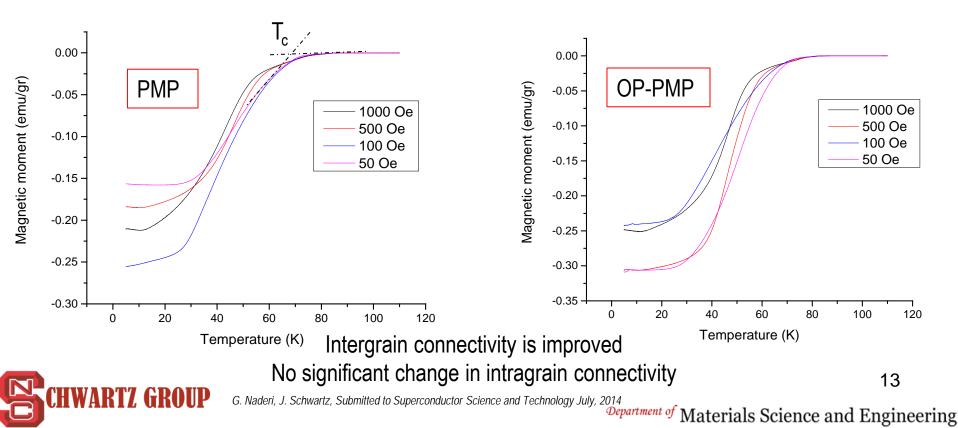
PMP & OP-PMP No significant difference in overall oxygen content

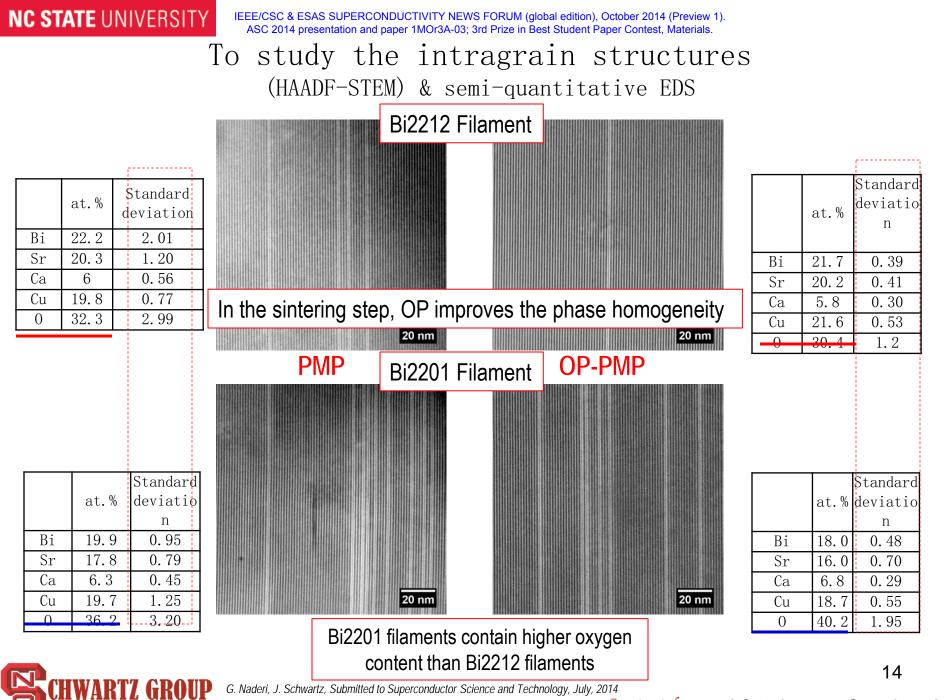
At 50 Oe, intergrain dominates OP-PMP shows much stronger magnetic moment



Above H_{C1}^{G} the grain size and pinning mechanisms determine the magnetization

At 100 Oe (H_{C1}^G) both wires show the similar magnetic moment





G. Naderi, J. Schwartz, Submitted to Superconductor Science and Technology, July, 2014

Conclusions

- The primary impurity in partial-melt processed in Bi2212 wires is Bi2201, which forms as mesoscopic grains and nanoscopic intergrowths.
- Future improvements in Bi2212 wires require the elimination of Bi2201 grains.
- Half- and full-cell Bi2201 intergrowths show Josephson-Junction-like behavior at low field and flux pinning at higher field, so they are beneficial and non-detrimental to transport.
- OP-PMP increases Bi2212 filament density, improves intergrain connectivity, and consequently enhances J_c; however, with the present profile it also produces more Bi2201 grains.
- We predict that with elimination of Bi2201 filaments $J_{\rm c}$ will increase further in OP-PMP wires



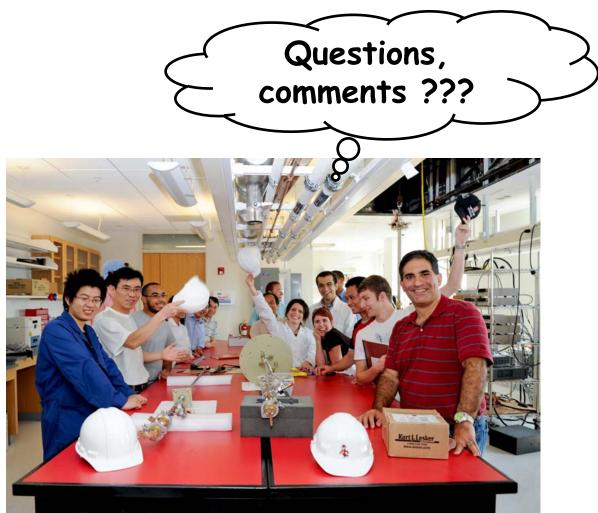
Acknowledgments

- NCSU Analytical Instrumentation Facility (Dr. Xiahan Sang)
- Supercon, Inc.
- National High Magnetic Field Laboratory





Thank you!!





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