

Generic buffer layers for Fe-based superconductors: Epitaxial $\text{FeTe}_{1-x}\text{Se}_x$ thin films

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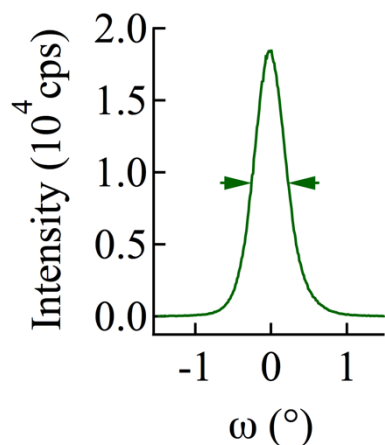
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Dresden

Outline

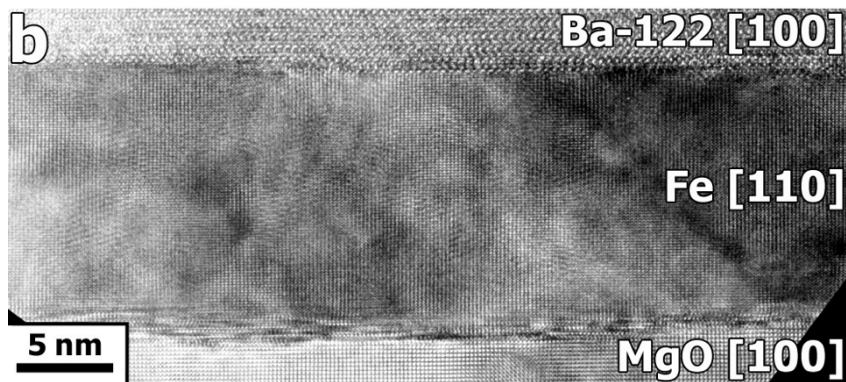
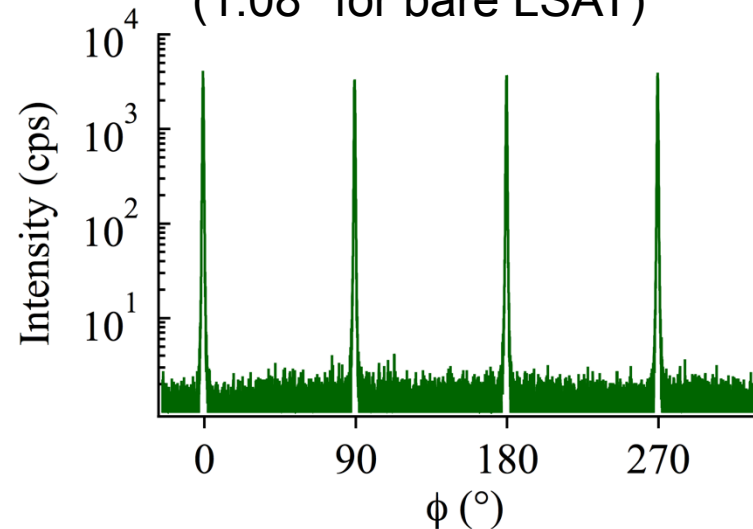
1. General features of Ba-122 / Fe bilayers
2. $\text{FeTe}_{1-x}\text{Se}_x$ / Fe bilayers on MgO
 - i) Structural characterization
 - ii) Transport properties
3. Intrinsic pinning in $\text{SmFeAs}(\text{O},\text{F})$
4. Summary

Excellent crystalline quality and clean interface of Ba-122/Fe bilayer

$\Delta\omega=0.49^\circ$ (26 % less)
(0.66° for bare LSAT)



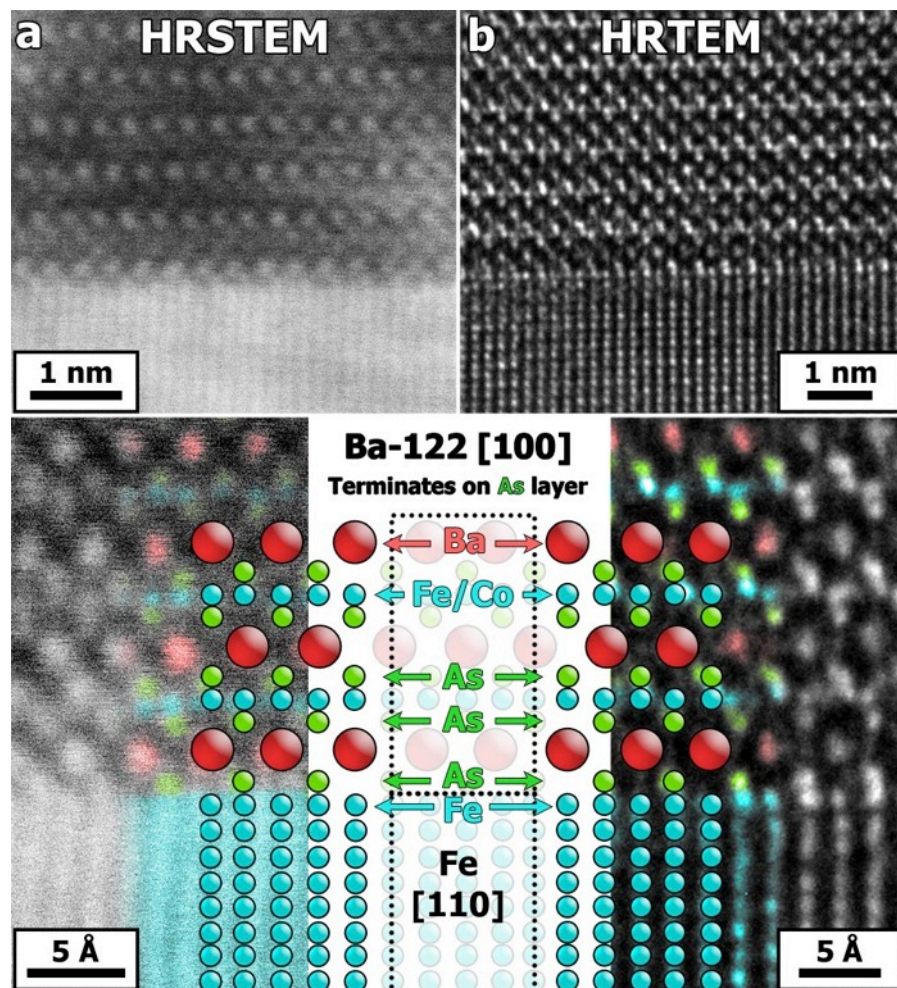
$\Delta\phi=0.58^\circ$ (46 % less)
(1.08° for bare LSAT)



Clean interface

K.lida *et al.*, APL **97**, 172507 (2010)

Direct observation of bonding between Fe and Ba-122



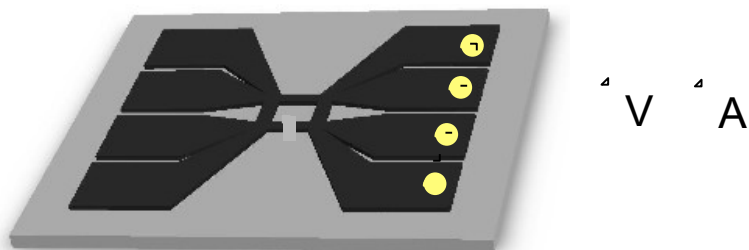
T. Thersleff *et al.*, APL **97**, 022506 (2010)

Highly coherent interface between Fe and Ba-122

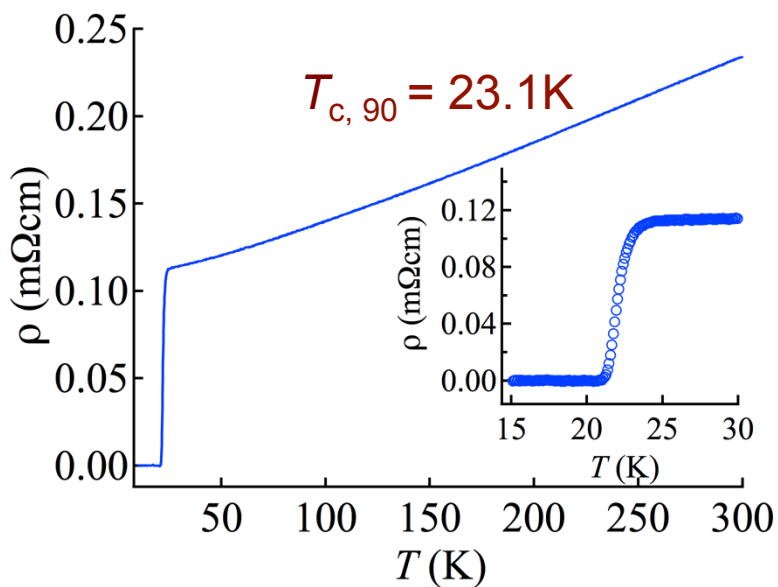
Bonding takes place at the square-planar Fe sublayer

No evidence for a reaction layer or **loss of crystallographic ordering**

Transport properties of Ba-122/Fe bilayers



Structured sample: 500 μm width
Standard 4 probe method

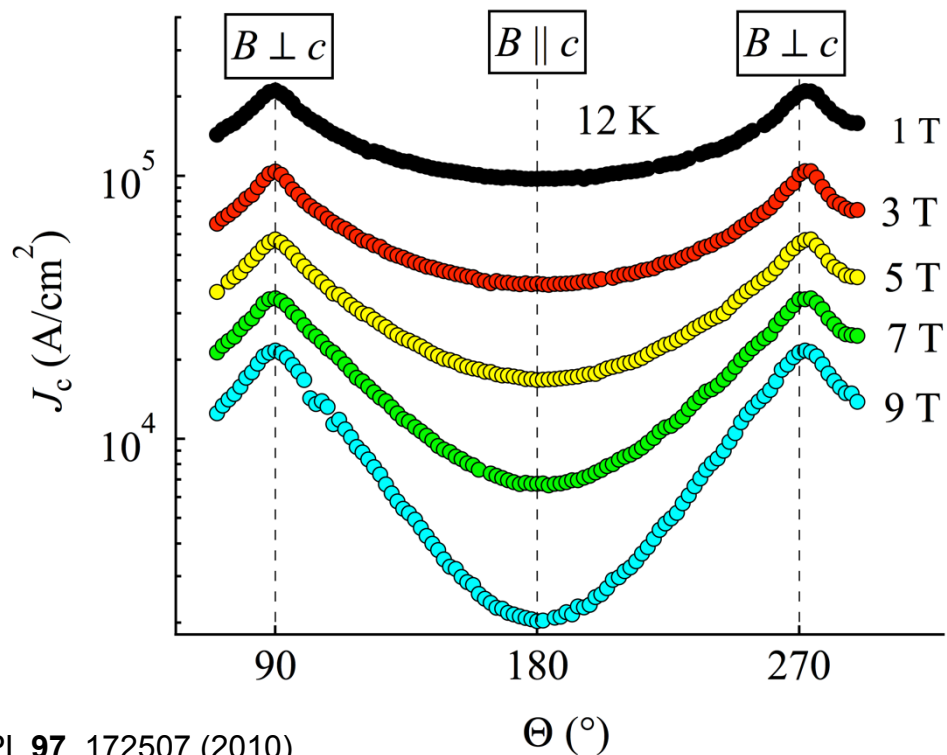


No J_c peaks at $B \parallel c$

-> **Absence of correlated defects**

(Also confirmed by TEM)

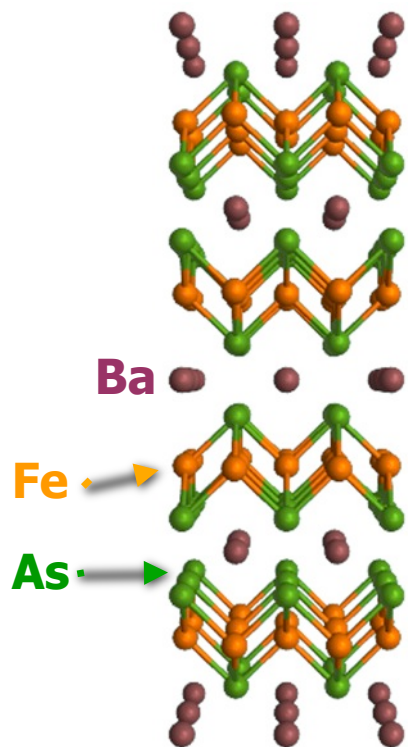
J_c maximum at $B \perp c$



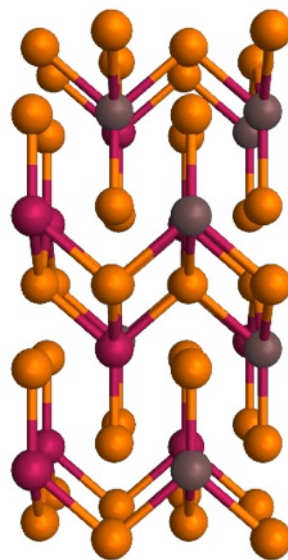
K.lida *et al.*, APL **97**, 172507 (2010)

Generic buffer layers for Fe-based superconductors

$\text{Ba}(\text{Fe}_{1-x}\text{Co}_x)_2\text{As}_2$
"122" family



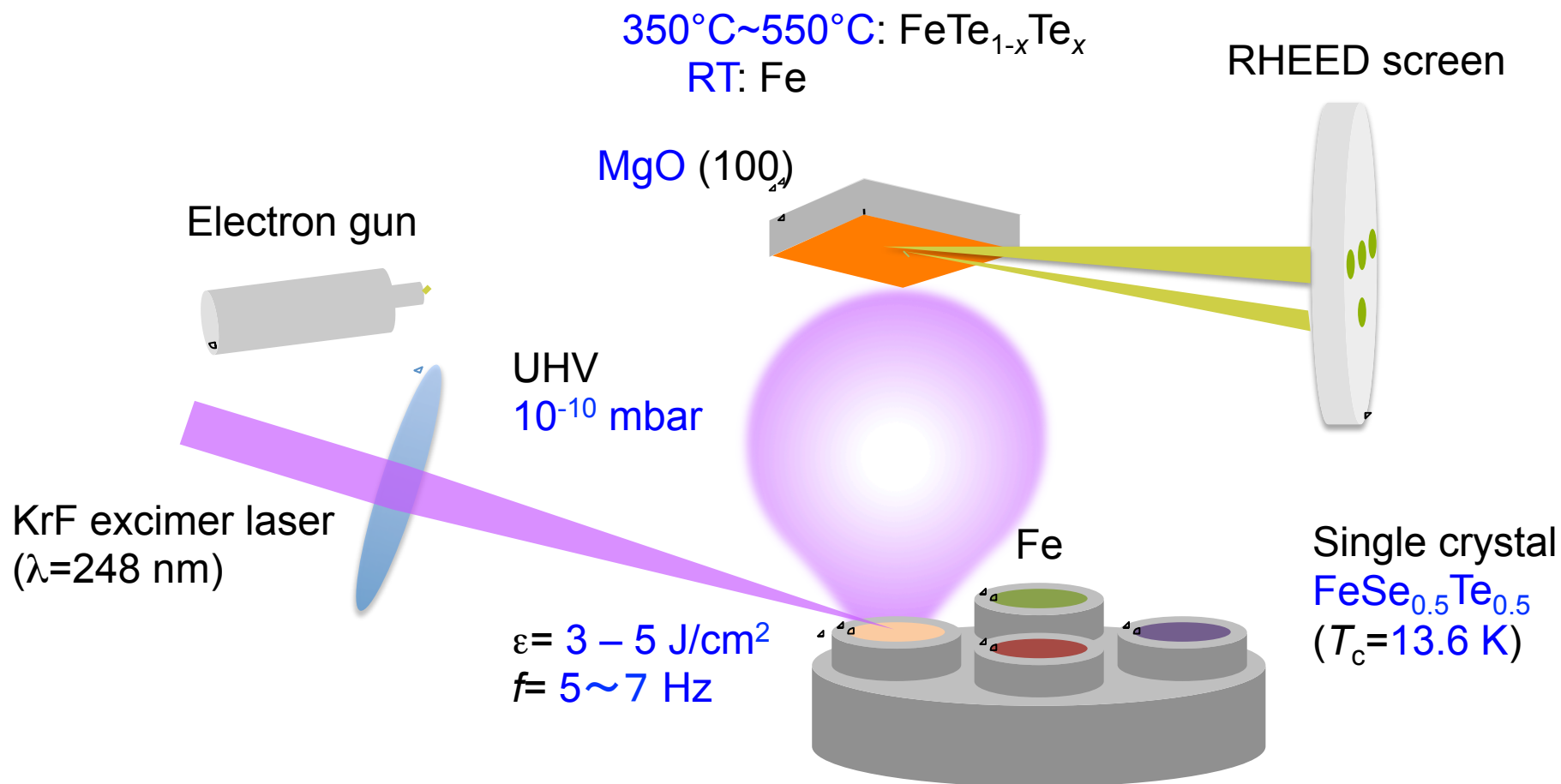
$\text{Fe}(\text{Te}_{0.5}\text{Se}_{0.5})$
"11" family

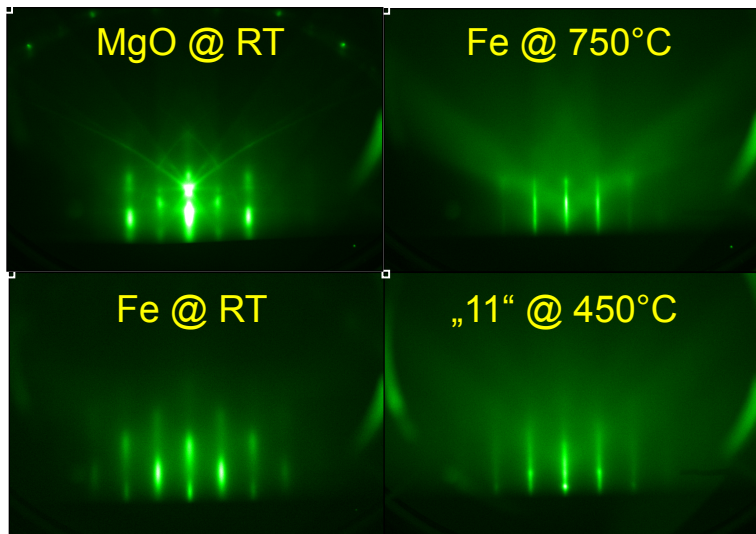


- ✓ **Tetrahedrally coordinated FePn**
(Pn: pnictogen or chalcogen) layer
- ✓ **This architecture** should work for "11"



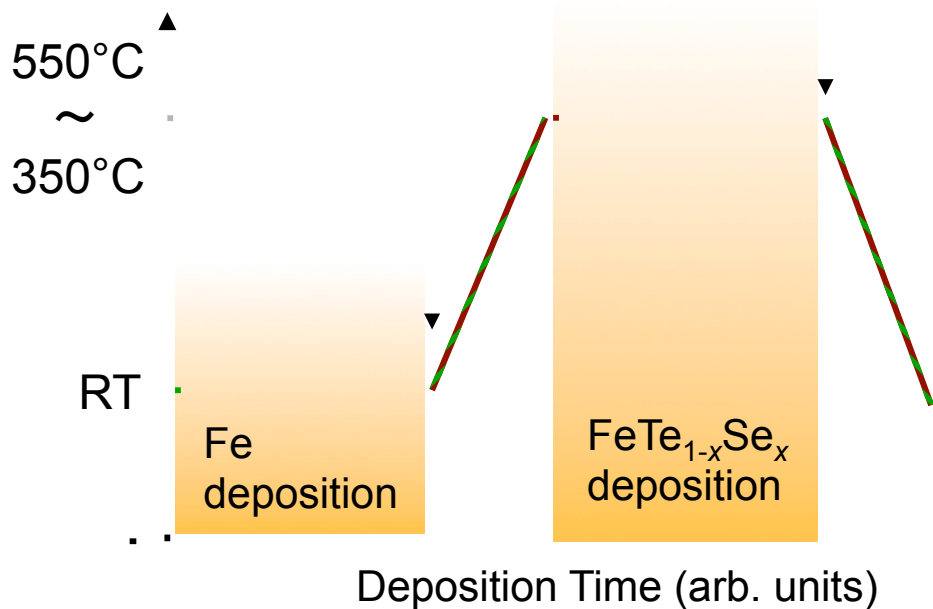
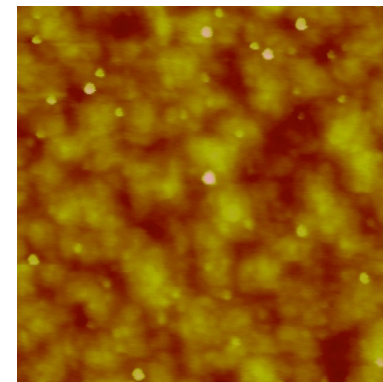
FeTe_{1-x}Se_x / Fe Films have been prepared by PLD under UHV condition



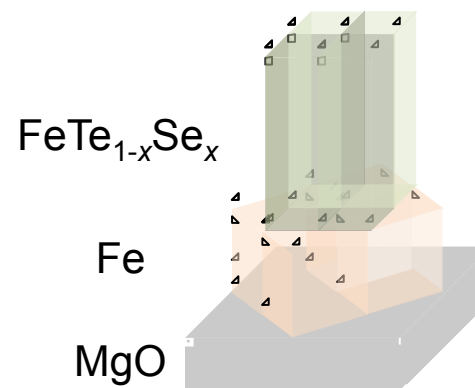


FeTe_{1-x}Se_x on Fe-buffered MgO

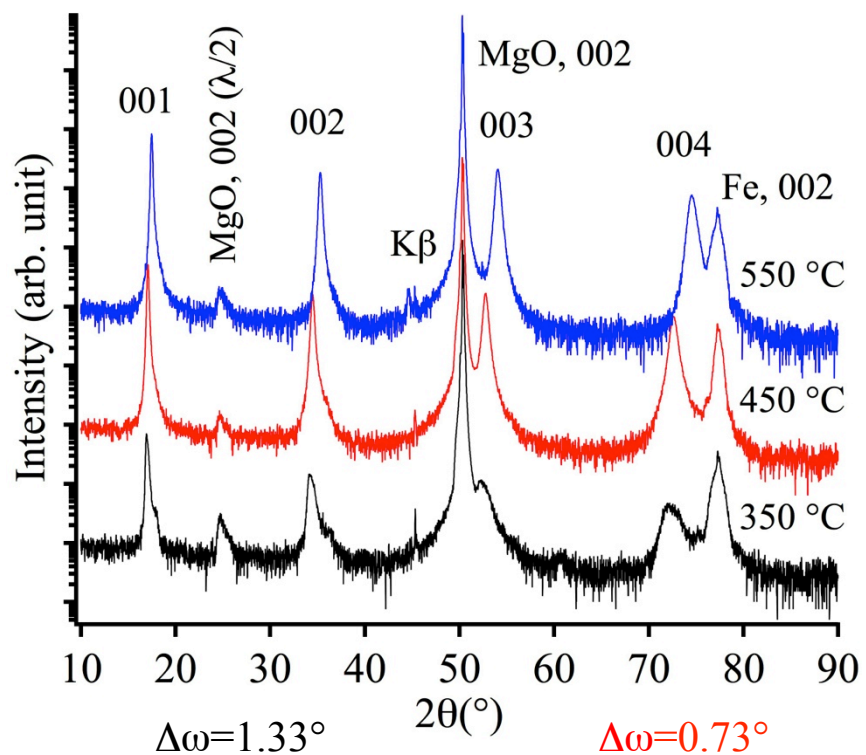
- ✓ Epitaxial Fe even @ RT
- ✓ Fe surface is smoothing on heating
- ✓ Epitaxial "11" with flat surface (RMS=1 nm)



(001)[100]FeTe_{1-x}Se_x || (001)[110]Fe || (001)[100]MgO
confirmed by XRD

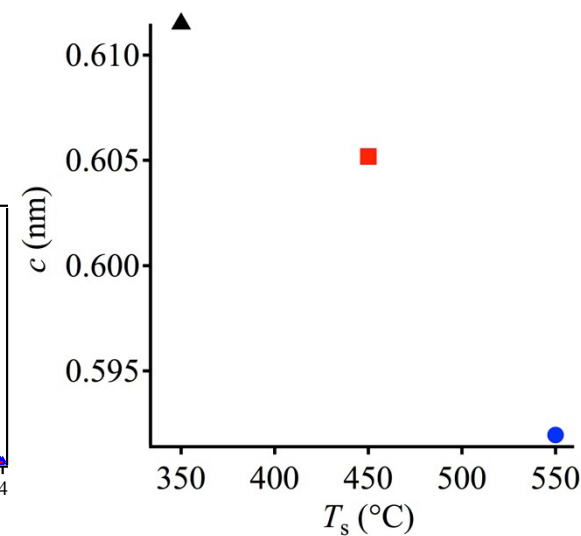
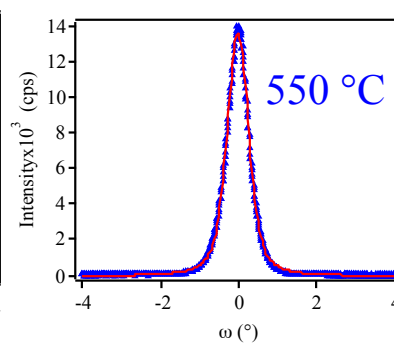
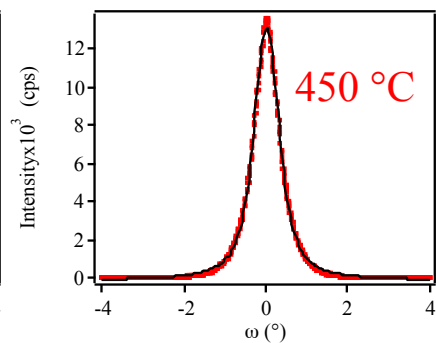
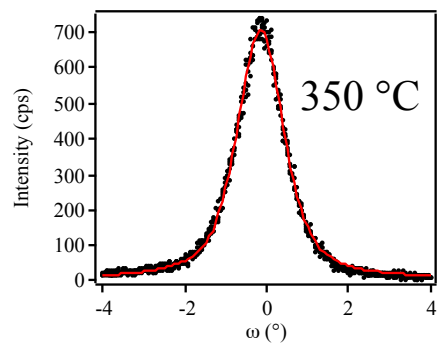


Structural characterization of $FeTe_{1-x}Se_x/Fe$ bilayers



- ✓ Phase pure films
- ✓ Crystalline quality is improved with T_s
- ✓ Lattice parameters change with T_s

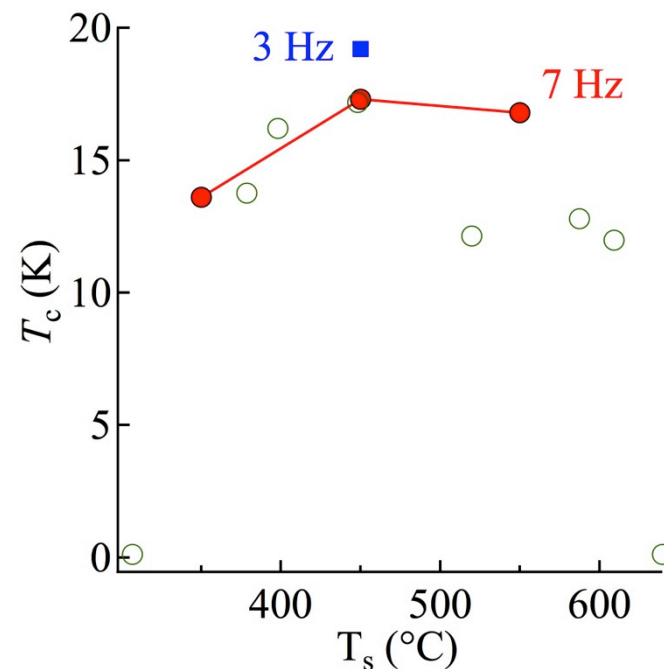
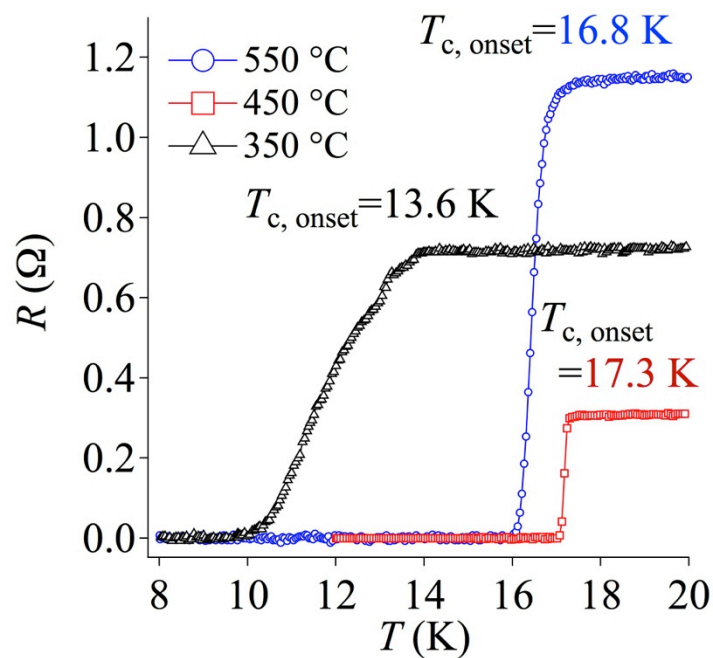
T_s (°C)	$\Delta\omega$ (°)	$\Delta\phi$ (°)
350°C	1.33	1.9
450°C	0.73	0.97
550°C	0.65	0.72



Optimum deposition temp. (T_s) is around 450°C

- ✓ T_c strongly depends on both T_s and f
- ✓ Optimum T_s is 450°C
- ✓ High T_c over 19 K is possible

$f=7$ Hz, $T_s=350^\circ\text{C}\sim 550^\circ\text{C}$

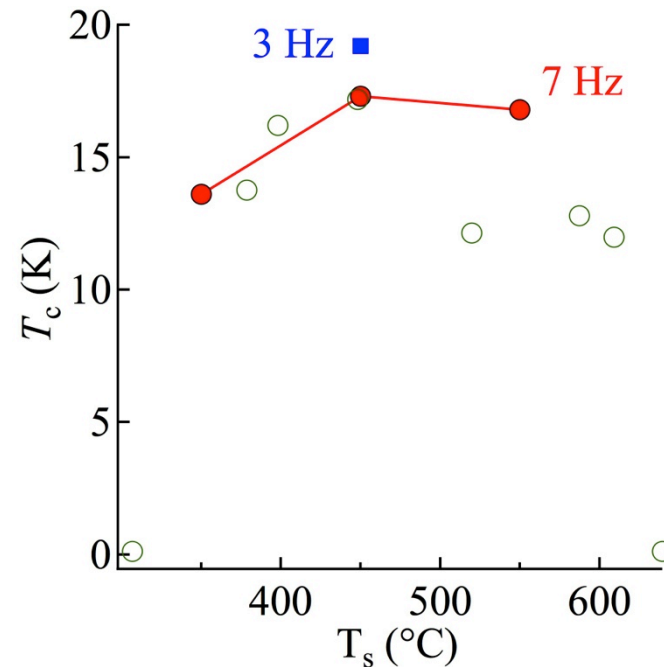
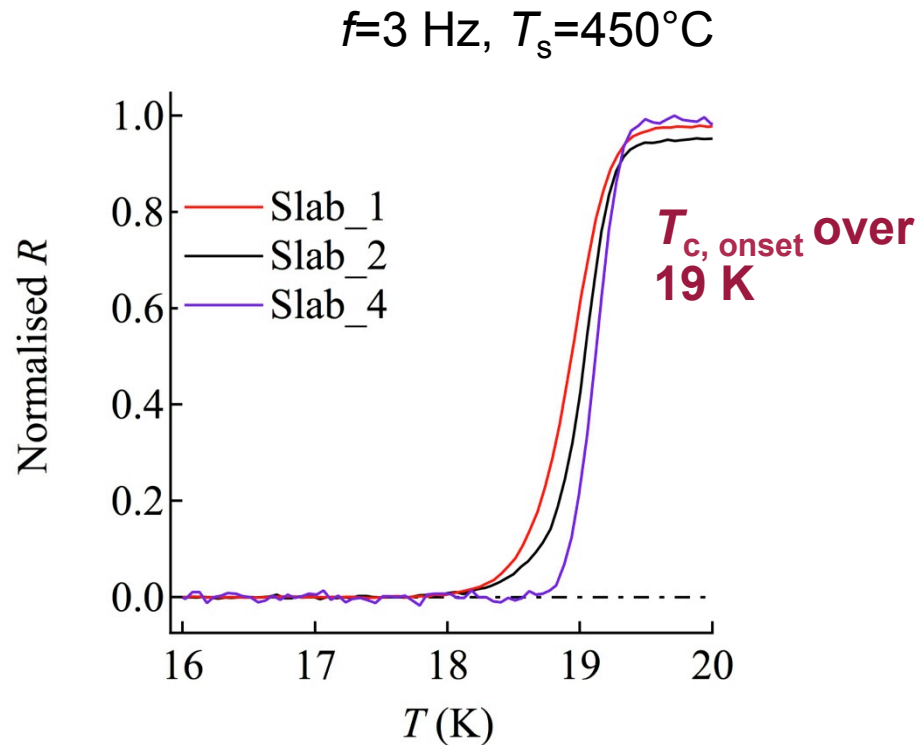


E. Bellingeri *et al.*, *Sust* **22**, 105007 (2009)

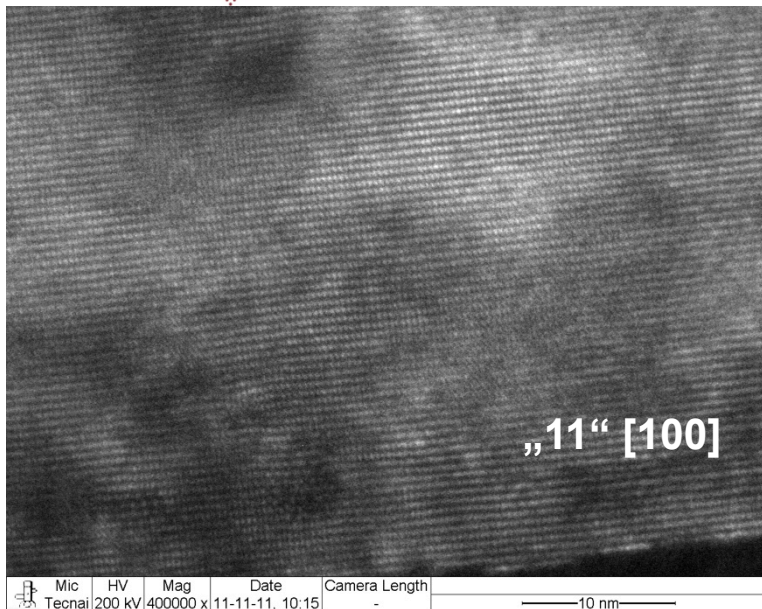


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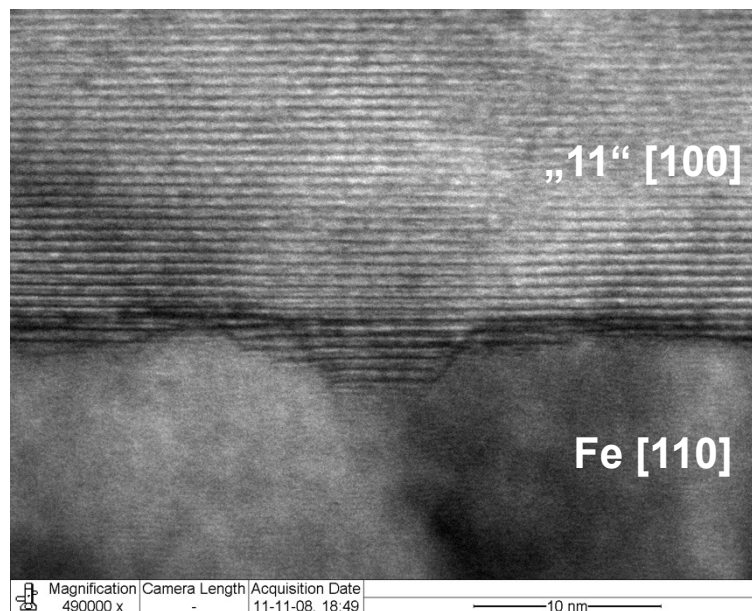
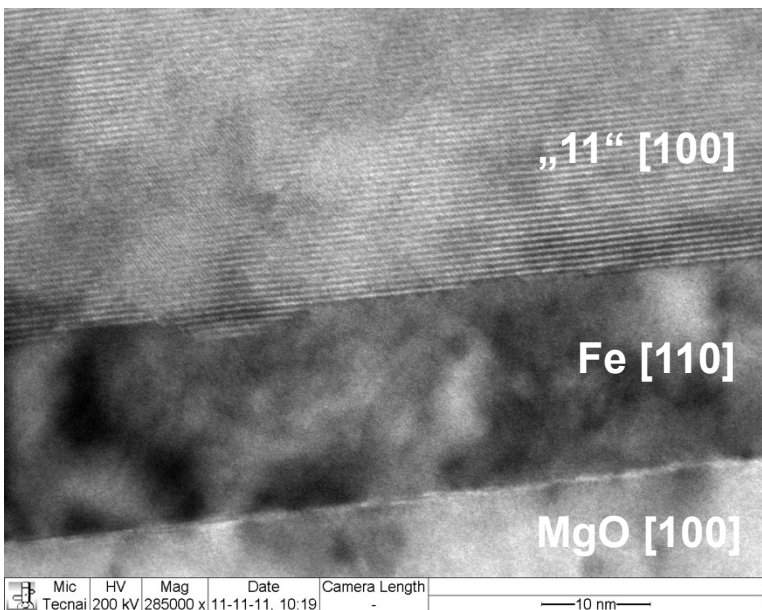


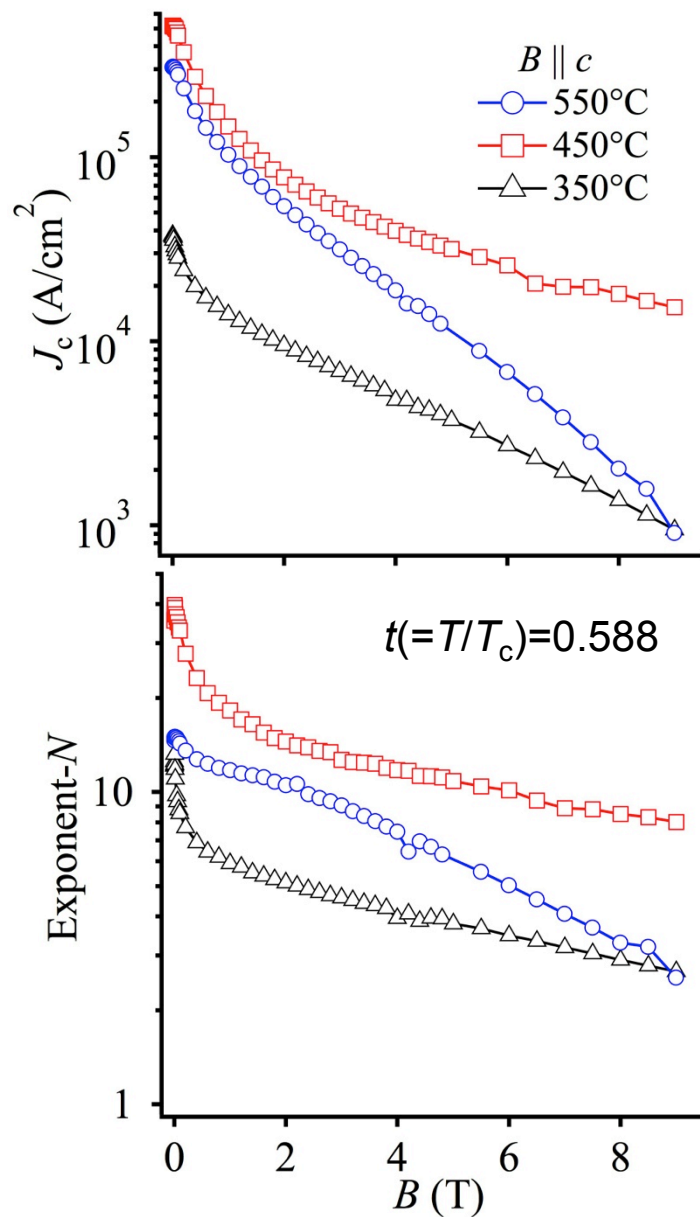
E. Bellingeri *et al.*, Sust **22**, 105007 (2009)



Relatively clean micorstructure of $FeTe_{1-x}Se_x/Fe$ bilayers

- ✓ Almost no c-axis defects
- ✓ Clean interface
- ✓ Pyramidal growth nature of Fe is observed
- ✓ Stacking faults are formed at the interface





J_c - B curves are almost identical to N - B curves for $B \parallel c$

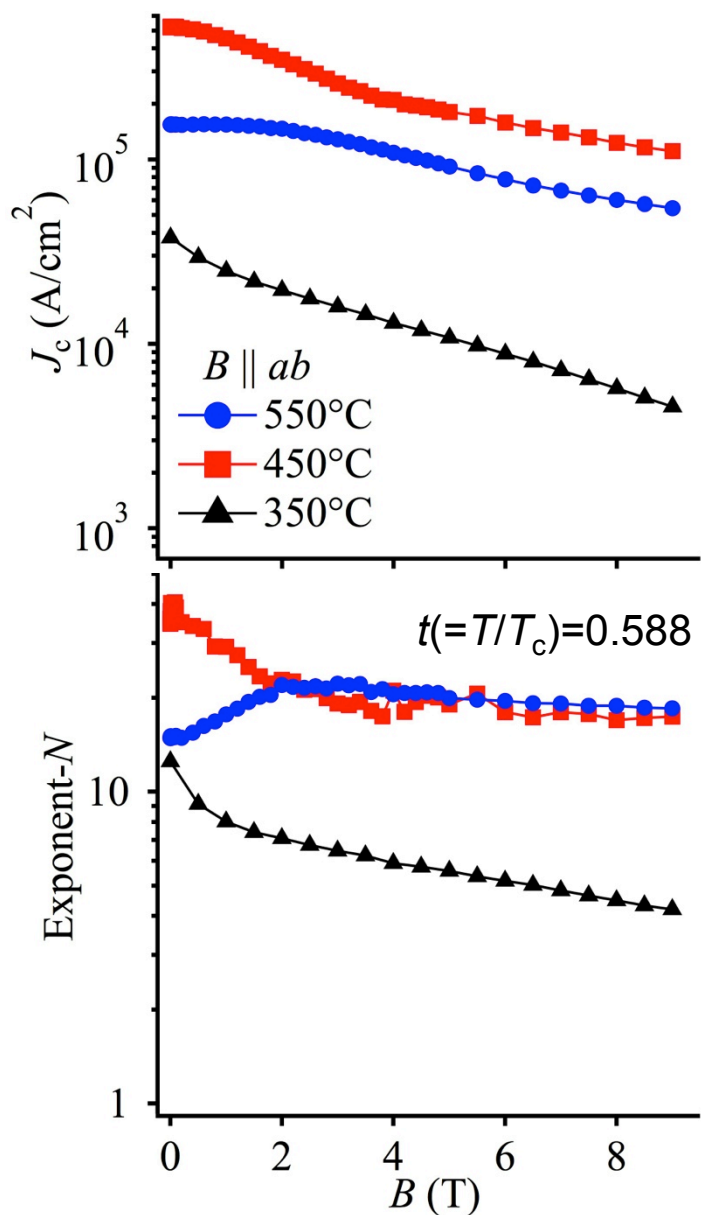
$$V \propto I^N$$

$$N \sim U_p/k_B T$$

$$J_c \propto U_p$$

U_p : pinning energy

- ✓ J_c is decreased monotonously with B
- ✓ N - B curves almost behave similar to J_c - B



J_c - B curves are almost identical to N - B curves except 550°C

$$V \propto I^N$$

$$N \sim U_p/k_B T$$

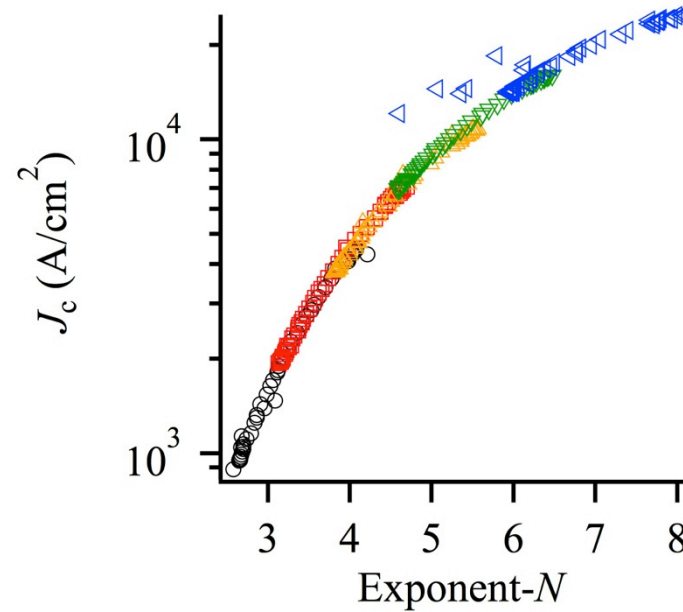
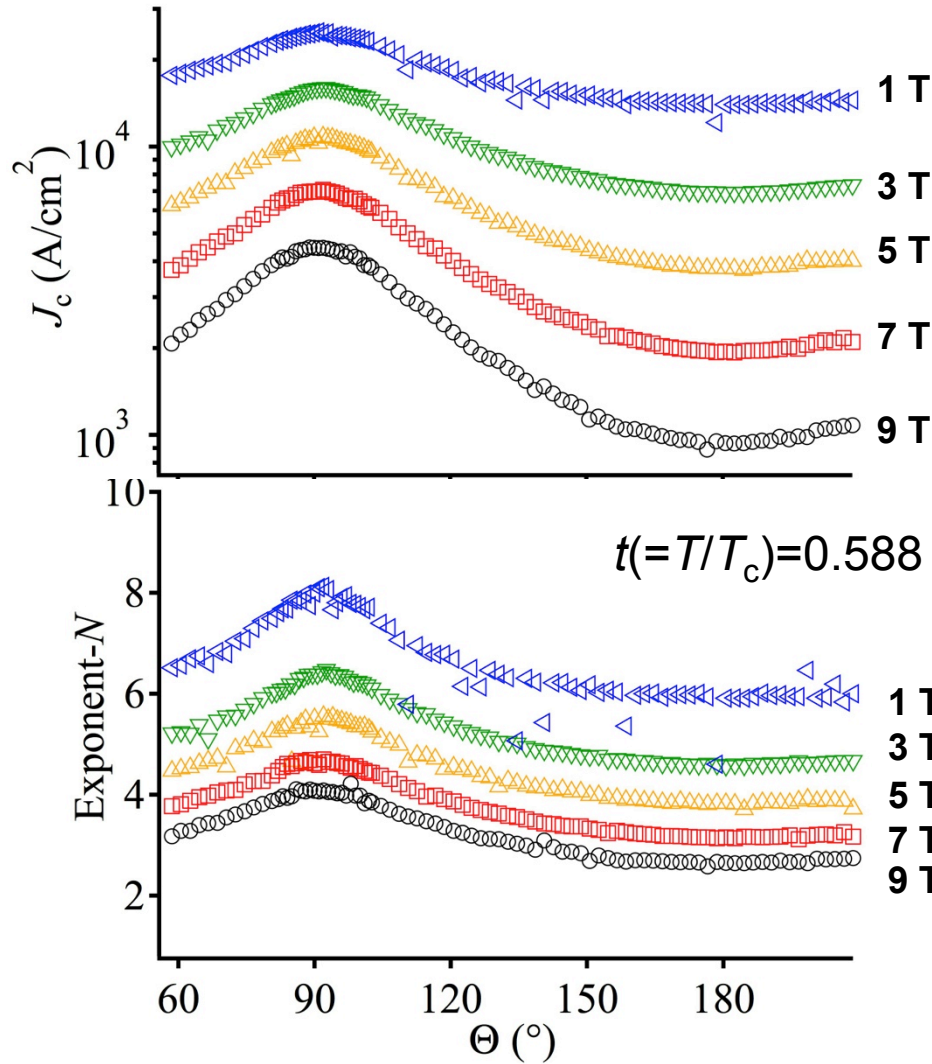
$$J_c \propto U_p$$

U_p : pinning energy

- ✓ $J_c(B)$ is almost identical to $N(B)$ ($T_s=350^\circ\text{C}$)
- ✓ J_c is constant up to 2 T ($T_s=550^\circ\text{C}$)
(N is increased with B)
- > presence of planar defects ?
- ✓ Over 2 T, N is almost constant regardless of B
($T_s=450^\circ\text{C}$ and 550°C)



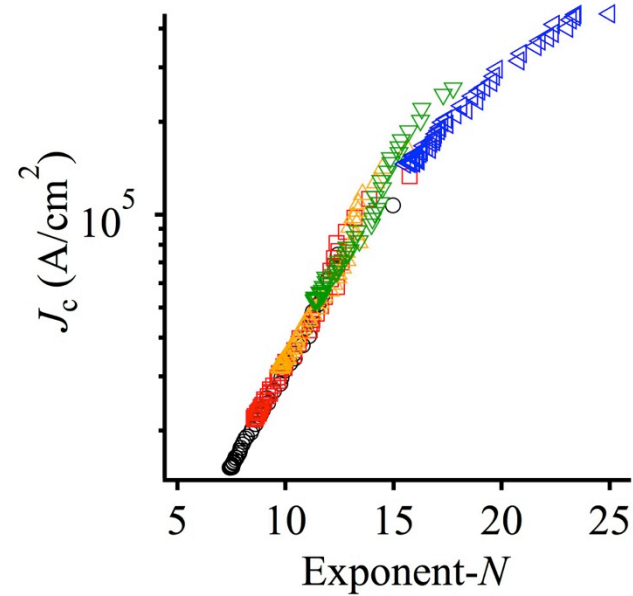
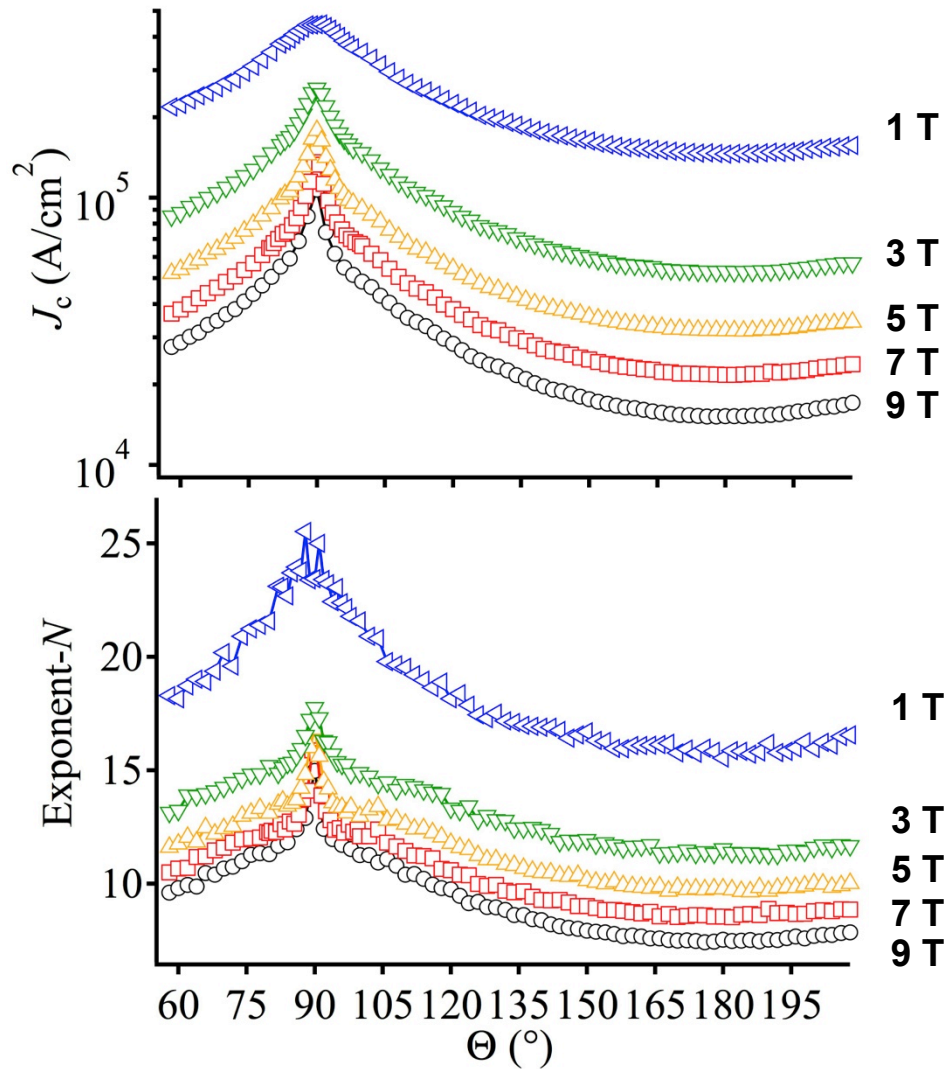
$J_c(\Theta)$ is also almost identical to $N(\Theta)$ ($T_s=350^\circ\text{C}$)



- ✓ Broad *ab* peaks (due to large $\Delta\omega$)
- ✓ No J_c peaks at $B \parallel c$
- ✓ $N(\Theta)$ behaves similarly to $J_c(\Theta)$
- ✓ J_c is scaled with N



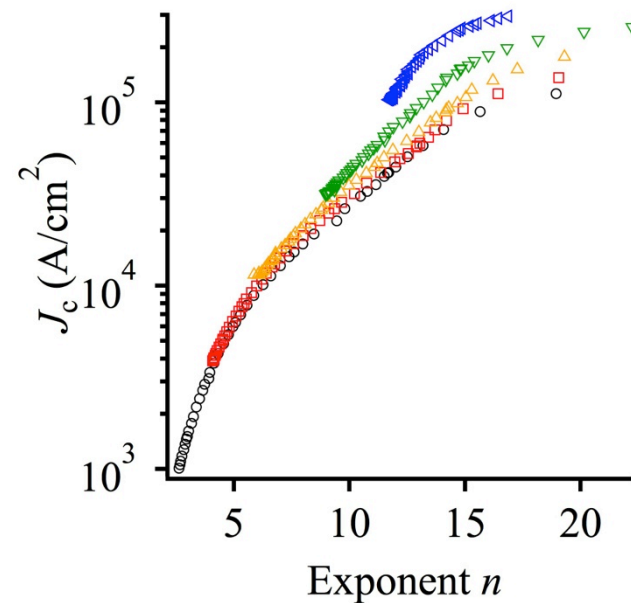
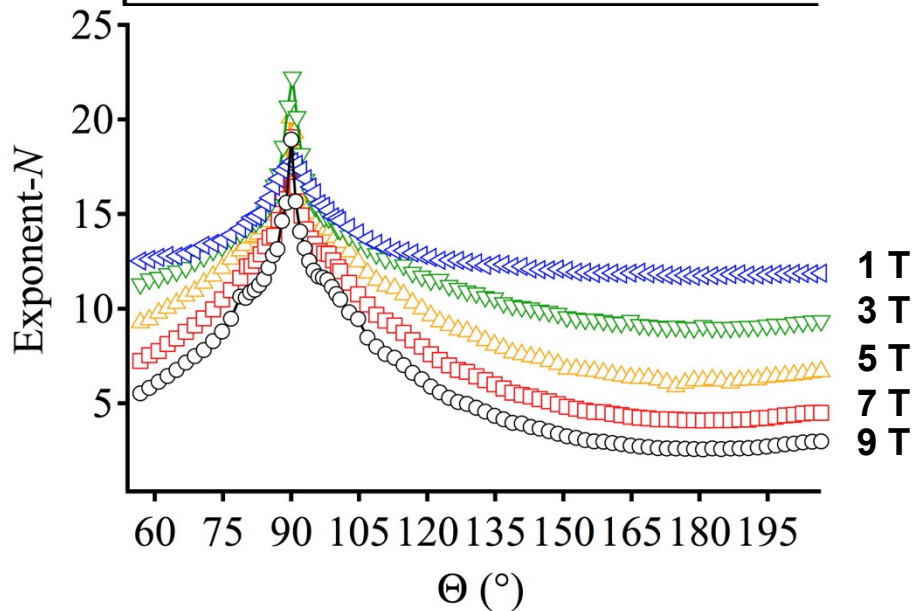
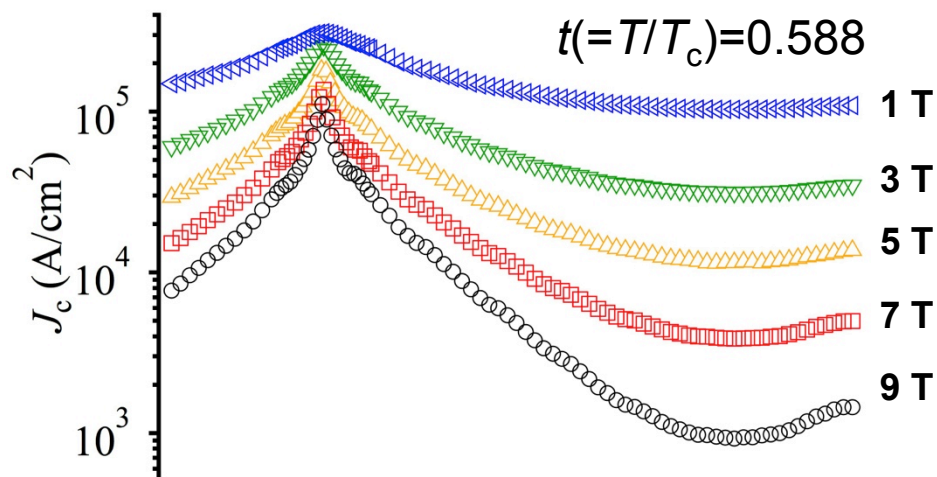
$J_c(\Theta)$ is also almost identical to $N(\Theta)$ ($T_s=450^\circ\text{C}$)



- ✓ Relatively sharp *ab* peaks
- ✓ No J_c peaks at $B \parallel c$
- ✓ $N(\Theta)$ behaves similarly to $J_c(\Theta)$
- ✓ J_c is scaled with N (3T~9T)

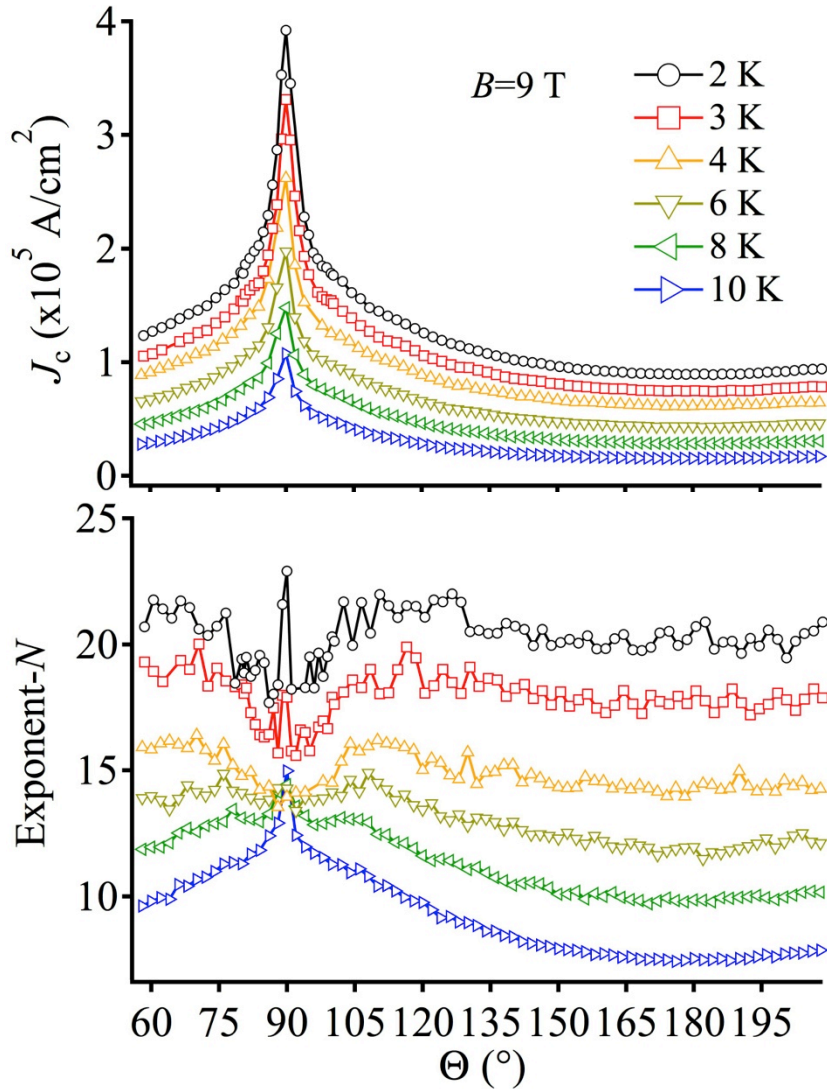


$J_c(\Theta)$ is also almost identical to $N(\Theta)$ ($T_s=550^\circ\text{C}$)



- ✓ Sharp ab peaks
- ✓ No J_c peaks at $B \parallel c$
- ✓ $N(\Theta)$ behaves similarly to $J_c(\Theta)$
- ✓ J_c is scaled with N only high fields (5T~9T)

Presence of intrinsic pinning-1 ($T_s=450^\circ\text{C}$)



- ✓ Inverse correlation between J_c and N
@ 4 and 6 K

(Similar observations in YBCO) due to the double kink excitation of vortices

(Civale *et al.* IEEE15, 2808 (2005))

- ✓ Increasing in N upon further cooling

(Usual depinning owing to the reduction of double-kink excitation)

(Awaji *et al.*, APEX4, 013101 (2011))

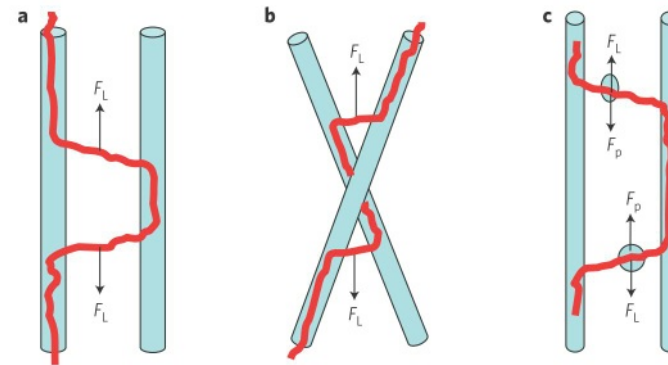
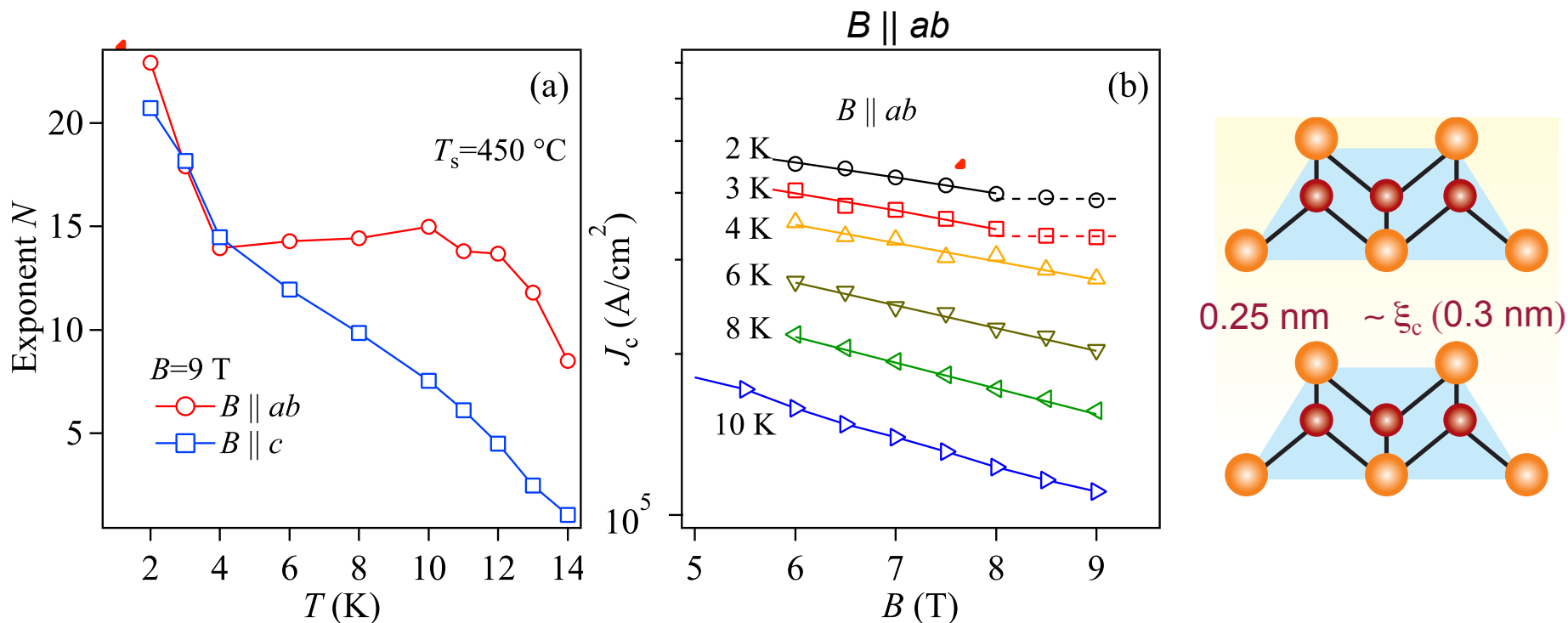


Diagram of vortex double kinks
(Maivorov *et al.*, NMAT8, 398 (2009))

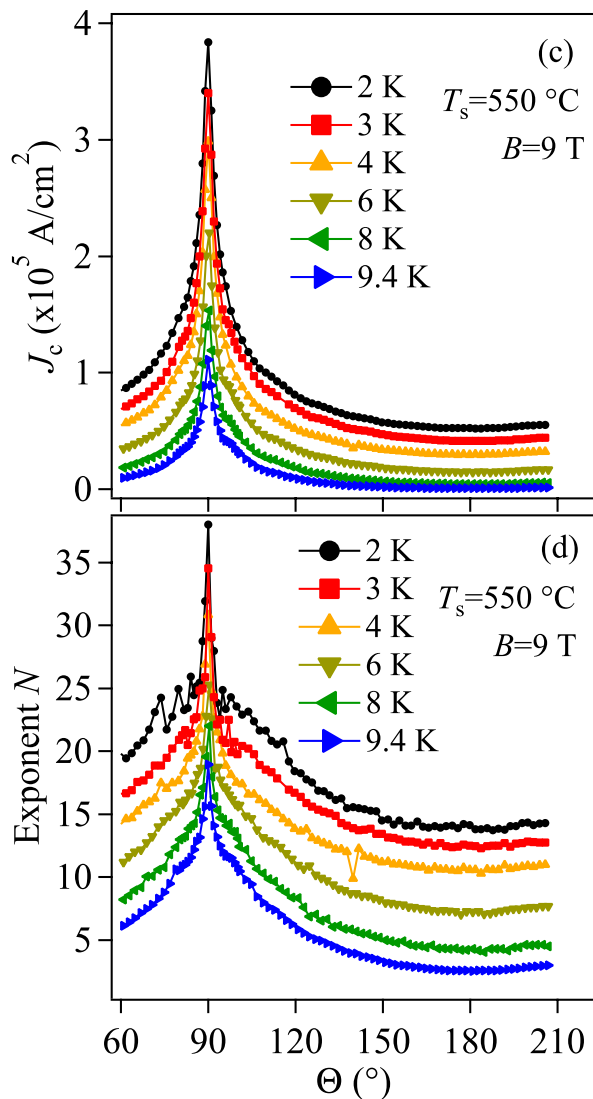
Presence of intrinsic pinning-2 ($T_s=450^\circ\text{C}$)



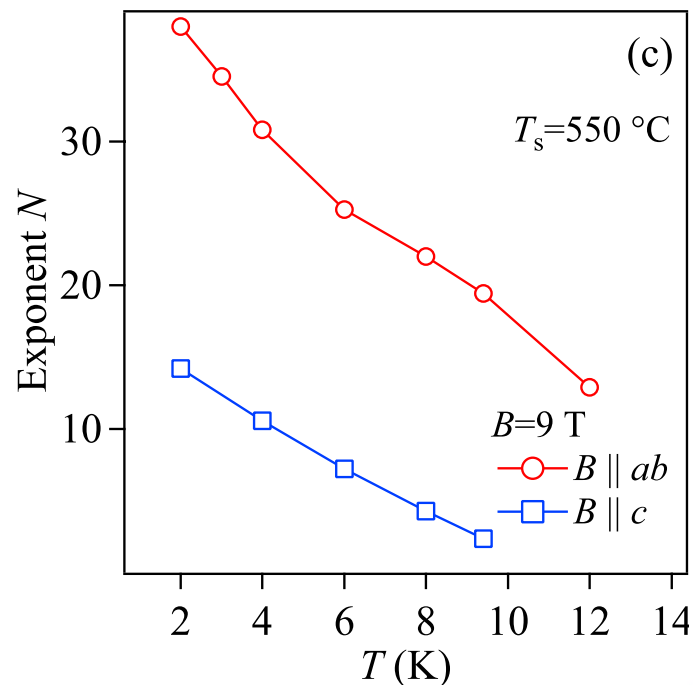
- ✓ Exponent N is monotonously increased upon cooling for $B \parallel c$
- ✓ For $B \parallel ab$, N is constant regardless of T ($4 \text{ K} < T < 10 \text{ K}$)
- ✓ Increasing in N upon further cooling. J_c is constant at the corresponding temp.

(Similar observation in YBCO (Awaji *et al*, APEX **4**, 013101 (2011))

No inverse correlation between J_c and N ($T_s=550^\circ\text{C}$)

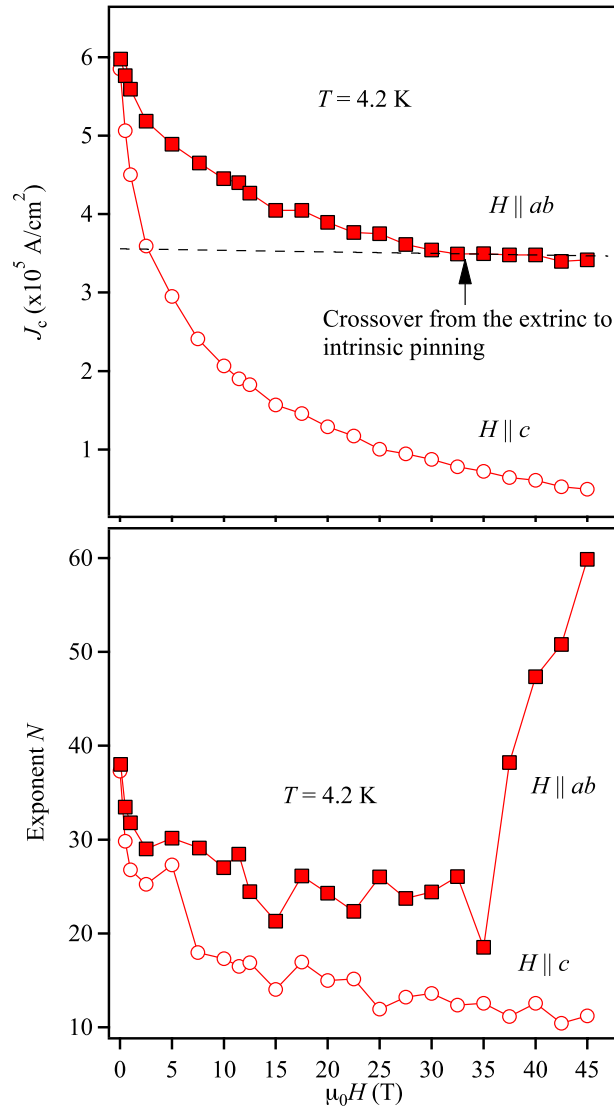


- ✓ No inverse correlation between J_c and N @ all temp.
- ✓ N is increased upon cooling for both direction





J_c - B measurements up to 45 T ($\text{SmFeAs}(\text{O},\text{F})$)



Epitaxial $\text{SmFeAs}(\text{O},\text{F})$, $T_c = 56 \text{ K}$

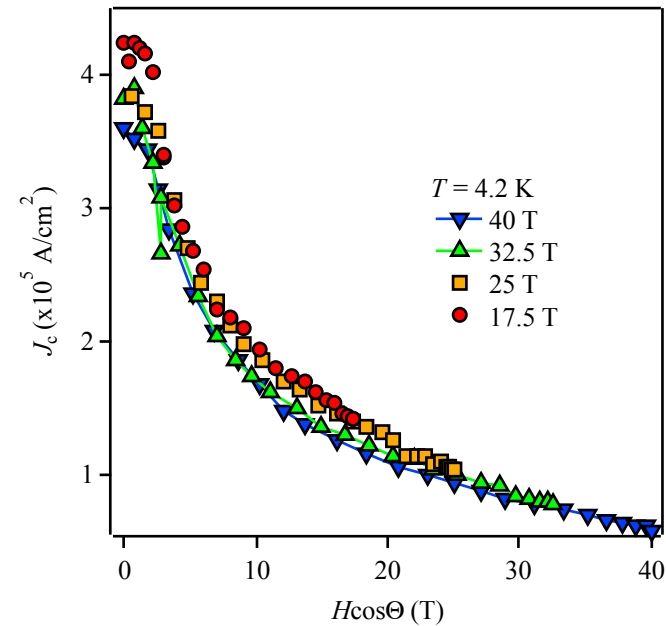
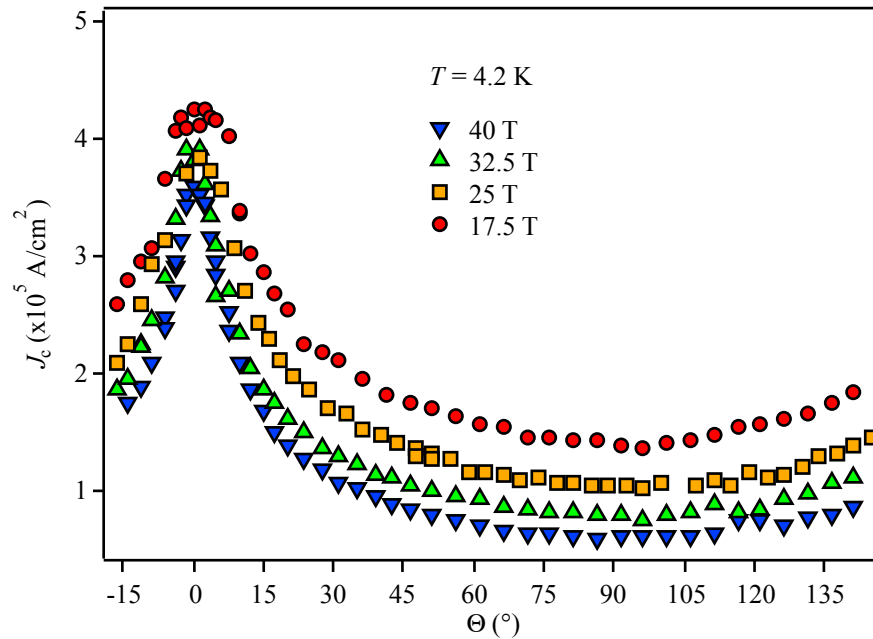


Measurements in dc fields up to 45 T

- For $H \parallel ab$, J_c is almost field independent above 30 T (Above 30 T, N is suddenly increased with H)
-> Intrinsic pinning
- Crossover field from extrinsic to intrinsic is 32 T
- For $H \parallel c$, J_c is observed to monotonously decrease with H (N - H curve shows almost the same behavior as J_c - H)

Angular dependent of J_c measurements

- No c-axis peaks in $J_c - \Theta$ → absence of c-axis correlated defects
- Large *ab*-peaks
- $J_c - \Theta$ are scaled with $H \cos \Theta$ above 30 T (Intrinsic pinning)





Summary

- ✓ Epitaxial $\text{FeTe}_{1-x}\text{Se}_x$ is grown on Fe-buffered MgO without compromising structural and sc properties
- ✓ Inverse correlation between J_c and N is recognised
 - > Intrinsic pinning is dominating
- ✓ Dip of N -values at $B||ab$ is hardly observed, when extrinsic pinning > intrinsic pinning
- ✓ Observation of intrinsic pinning in $\text{SmFeAs}(\text{O},\text{F})$